

DDR1 Monoclonal Antibody

Description

Product type	Antibody
Code	BT-MCA4214
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG1
Size	100 μ L, 50 μ L
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of DDR1 (aa602-681) expressed in E. Coli.
Mol wt	N/A
Species reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Recommended application	Others
Concentration	N/A
Full name	N/A
Synonyms	CAK;DDR;NEP;PTK3;RTK6;TRKE;CD167

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

Background

DDR1: discoidin domain receptor tyrosine kinase 1. Receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs) play a key role in the communication of cells with their microenvironment. These molecules are involved in the regulation of cell growth, differentiation and metabolism. The protein encoded by this gene is a RTK that is widely expressed in normal and transformed epithelial cells and is activated by various types of collagen. This protein belongs to a subfamily of tyrosine kinase receptors with a homology region to the Dictyostelium discoideum protein discoidin I in their extracellular domain. Its autophosphorylation is achieved by all collagens so far tested (type I to type VI). In situ studies and Northern-blot analysis showed that expression of this encoded protein is restricted to epithelial cells, particularly in the kidney, lung, gastrointestinal tract, and brain. In addition, this protein is significantly over-expressed in several human tumors from breast, ovarian, esophageal, and pediatric brain. This gene is located on chromosome 6p21.3 in proximity to several HLA class I genes. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants.

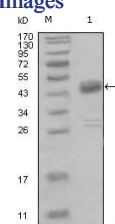
Recommended Dilution

WB: 1:500 - 1:2000

ELISA: 1:10000

Not yet tested in other applications.

Images



Western blot analysis using DDR1 mouse mAb against truncated MBP-DDR1 recombinant protein (1).

Storage

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term.

