

IDH2 Monoclonal Antibody

Description

Product type Antibody

Code BT-MCA4722

Host Mouse

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Isotype} & Mouse IgG1 \\ \\ \textbf{Size} & 100 \mu L, 50 \mu L \\ \end{tabular}$

Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of human IDH2 (AA: 1-143) expressed in E. Coli.

Mol wt 50.9kDa

Species reactivity Others

Clonality Monoclonal

Recommended application IHC,FCM

Synonyms IDH;IDP;IDHM;IDPM;ICD-M;D2HGA2;mNADP-IDH

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

Background

Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a homodimer. The protein encoded by this gene is the NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the mitochondria. It plays a role in intermediary metabolism and energy production. This protein may tightly associate or interact with the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Feb 2014]

Recommended Dilution

WB: 1:500 - 1:2000 IHC-p: 1:200 - 1:1000 FCM: 1:200 - 1:400 ELISA: 1:10000

Not yet tested in other applications.

Images

No images.

Storage

Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C long term.