

# Phospho-Akt (Y326) Polyclonal Antibody

## Description

Product type Primary Antibody

Code BT-PHS00343

**Host** Rabbit

Isotype IgG

**Size** 20ul, 50ul, 100ul

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Akt around the

phosphorylation site of Tyr326. AA range:292-341

Mol wt 55686

Species reactivity Human, mouse, rat

Clonality Polyclonal

Recommended application WB, ELISA

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Full name Phospho-Akt (Y326) Antibody

Synonyms AKT1; PKB; RAC; RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein kinase; Protein kinase B; PKB; Protein kinase B

alpha; PKB alpha; Proto-oncogene c-Akt; RAC-PK-alpha

This product is for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic procedure.

### Background

The serine-threonine protein kinase encoded by the AKT1 gene is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. AKT1 and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the pleckstrin homology domain of AKT1. It was shown that the activation occurs through phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. In the developing nervous system AKT is a critical mediator of growth factor-induced neuronal survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating the serine/threonine kinase AKT1, which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. Mutations in AKT1 have been associated with the Proteus syndrome. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for AKT1.

## Recommended Dilution

WB: 1: 500 - 1: 2000 ELISA: 1: 20000

Not yet tested in other applications.

## **Images**

No images.

### Storage

-20°C for one year